## February 11, 2021 MSE 2103 topics

- The math behind radioactive decay part 2
  - <sup>137</sup>Cs has a half-life of 30.17 years as it decays into <sup>137</sup>Ba. Jow much Cs is left after 50 years? How much Ba is produced after 75 years?
  - <sup>238</sup>U has a half-life of ~4.5 billion years. A rock from lunar highlands shows that 45% of the original uranium decayed into lead. How old is that rock?
  - Determine the half-life of <sup>40</sup>K if you know that there is ~9% of primordial potassium left in an asteroid that is ~4.5 billion years old.
- Lines of evidence for a 4.6 billion year old Earth
- Fine, Earth is 4.6 billion years old; but what about the Sun?
  - o chemical reactions, fossil fuel burning?
  - o radioactive decay?
  - o gravitational contraction?
  - ... or something else?
- $E = mc^2$
- Eddington's model (from Einstein's mass-energy equivalence)
- The proton-proton chain:  $p+p \rightarrow p+n \rightarrow p+p+n *2 \rightarrow He-4$
- ... except... how do protons overcome extreme requirements?